

TLV[®]

PowerTrap[®]

Mechanical Pump & Pump/Trap

GP Series
GT Series



Effective Condensate Processing Improves Plant Efficiency

Increased productivity and product quality, plus reduced energy consumption and water treatment are some of the many benefits of condensate drainage and recovery.

The TLV GP/GT PowerTrap series provides the perfect solution for optimizing condensate processing in many applications.

1 Prevention of Heat Exchanger "Stall"

- Stabilized temperature control improves product quality
- Elimination of water hammer prevents equipment damage and improves safety
- Prevention of corrosion caused by condensate accumulation
- Some models are designed for installation with a lower filling head (min. 155 mm, 300 mm, etc.)

2 Effective Condensate Recovery

- Energy recovered from condensate reduces boiler fuel costs
- Reusing water reduces water treatment costs
- Reduces effluent treatment and disposal costs

3 No Cavitation

- Recovery of hot condensate up to 220 °C possible without cavitation
- Low filling head allows use with equipment situated at low levels
- Eliminates the seal, bearing and impeller damage that can occur in standard centrifugal pumps

4 No Electricity Required

- Ideal for use in areas requiring explosion-proof equipment, and areas with no electrical supply
- Reliable mechanical operation eliminates the need for complex level controls
- Quick and easy to install and maintain



TLV's PowerTrap Series— The Total Solution to Heat Exchanger “Stall”

■ Importance of “Stall” Prevention

“Stall” prevents condensate from being discharged from heating equipment. It results in:

● Process Temperature Swings

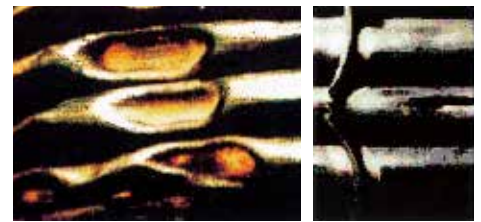
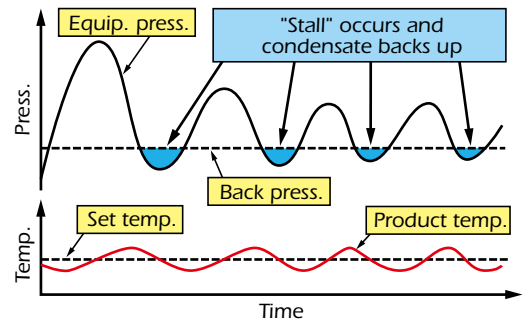
As the “stall” cycle repeats, the steam pressure in the equipment varies above and below the back pressure, causing product temperature and quality fluctuations.

● Water Hammer Damage

Water hammer can occur when backed-up condensate re-evaporates, or as incoming hot steam hits cooler backed-up condensate and instantly condenses.

● Tube Corrosion and Damage

Backed-up condensate in the equipment can form carbonic acid, which results in tube corrosion. Equipment temperature fluctuations can cause thermal shock and fatigue damage to tubes.



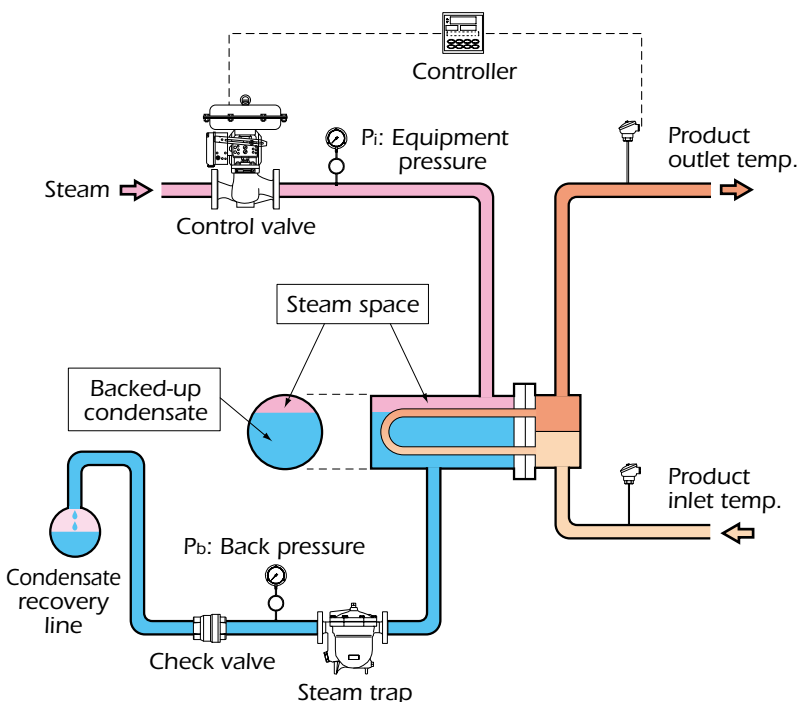
Water hammer damage to tubes and stays



Tube corrosion

TLV's PowerTrap series provides complete condensate drainage, the key to eliminating “stall” and its related problems. Optimum performance can now be yours with the PowerTrap.

■ A Closer Look at the “Stall” Cycle



- ① When the demand for heating energy is high, the control valve is wide open, P_i is greater than P_b and condensate is discharged from the trap.
- ② When the demand decreases, the control valve throttles in order to reduce the heating energy, and P_i drops.
- ③ If P_i drops to P_b or below, the trap can no longer discharge condensate against the back pressure. Condensate then backs up in the heat exchanger, and the equipment becomes condensate logged. This condition is known as “stall”.
- ④ When condensate is backed-up inside the equipment, the product temperature falls. The system compensates by opening the control valve again. P_i increases and, when it becomes greater than P_b , condensate is forced out through the trap, and the cycle begins again.

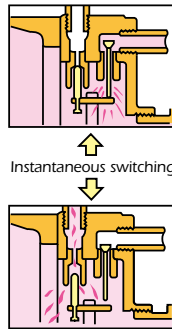
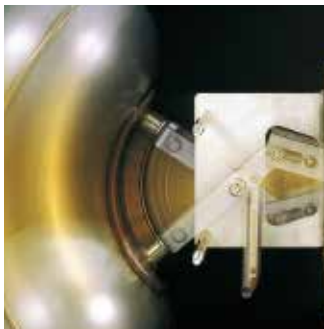
PowerTrap Benefits

1 Built-in Steam Trap Improves Performance (GT Series)



- Automatically switches between pump and trap operation, in response to process conditions
- Internal trap mechanism always matches pump output, with no damage to trap, and eliminates need for sizing
- No need for external steam trap means simplified compact design and lowered installation costs
- Trap body and plug are both stainless steel for minimum leakage and maximum life

2 Snap-action Mechanism Maximizes Life



- Heat-treat hardened stainless steel internals
- Durable nickel-based alloy compression coil spring*
- The instantaneous snap-action mechanism simultaneously opens or closes motive medium inlet and exhaust valves, preventing erosion and resultant leakage

* Except GP/GT5C



3 Low-maintenance Design Reduces Labor



- Easy inline maintenance, without removal of piping*
- Fast and easy cleaning of intake valve by simply opening a plug to remove (GP/GT14, GP/GT10, GP10F, GP/GT5C)
- Non-cavitating design eliminates the seal, bearing and impeller damage that can occur in standard centrifugal pumps

* GP10F, GP/GT5C: motive medium piping must be removed



4 Stainless Steel Check Valves* for Durability



- Center guided check valves CK3MG and CKF3MG are used for maximum reliability even with dirty condensate (GP/GT14, GP/GT10, GP/GT10L, GP10F)
- Newly developed swing type check valve CKF5M enables use with a filling head as low as 300 mm (GP/GT14L, GP/GT10L), 350 mm (GP/GT14M)
- Lasts longer than bronze check valves
- Quiet operation

* GP/GT5C are equipped with internal stainless steel check valves

5 Economical Unit with Retrofittable Mechanism

(Only available in some countries)

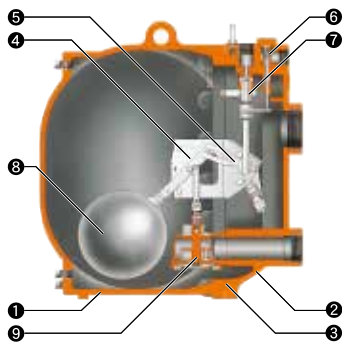


- One-piece pump assembly for easy installation and maintenance and retrofit to pump bodies of certain other manufacturers
- Lighter-weight model, with straight-through connection for easy installation

Construction

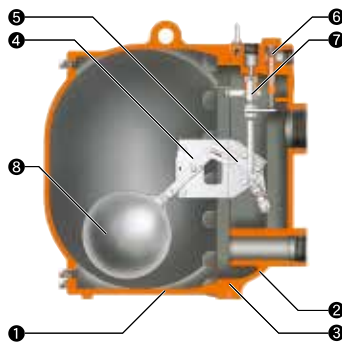
GT14/GT14M/GT14L GT10/GT10L

Mechanical pump with built-in trap



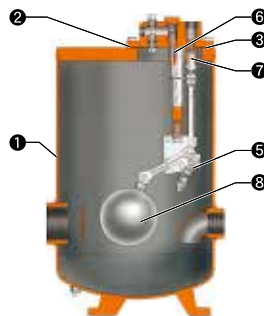
GP14/GP14M/GP14L GP10/GP10L

Mechanical pump



GP10F

Mechanical pump with retrofitable mechanism

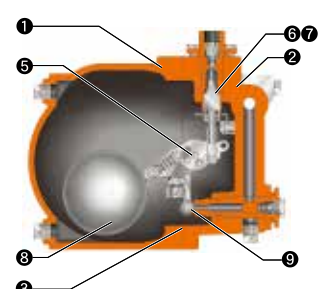


GT5C

Compact mechanical pump with built-in trap

GP5C

Compact mechanical pump



GT5C shown above
GP5C not equipped with trap unit

Materials

1	Body (except GP10F, GP/GT5C)	Cast Iron or Cast Steel*	4	Lever Unit (GP/GT14, GP/GT10 only)	Stainless Steel
	Body (GP10F)	Fabricated Carbon Steel**			
	Body (GP/GT5C)	Cast Iron or Cast Stainless Steel			
2	Cover (except GP10F, GP/GT5C)	Cast Iron or Cast Steel*	5	Snap-action Unit	Stainless Steel
	Cover (GP10F)	Cast Steel**			
	Cover (GP/GT5C)	Cast Iron or Cast Stainless Steel			
3	Cover Gasket (GP/GT14M, GP/GT14L, GP/GT10, GP/GT10L, GP10F)	Graphite Compound	6	Intake Valve Unit	Stainless Steel
	Cover Gasket (GP/GT14)	Graphite/Stainless Steel			
	Cover Gasket (GP/GT5C)	Fluorine Resin			
			7	Exhaust Valve Unit	Stainless Steel
			8	Float	Stainless Steel
			9	Trap Unit	Stainless Steel
			10	Check Valve***	Stainless Steel
			11	Air Vent Unit*** (GT5C only)	Stainless Steel

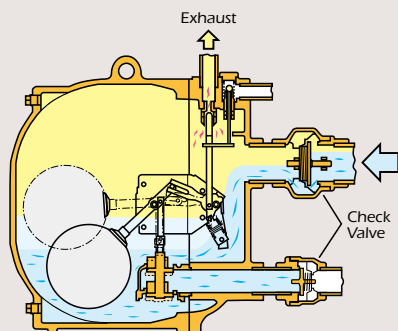
* Cast stainless steel available as option ** Stainless steel available as option *** Not shown

Operation

Pump/Trap: GT10

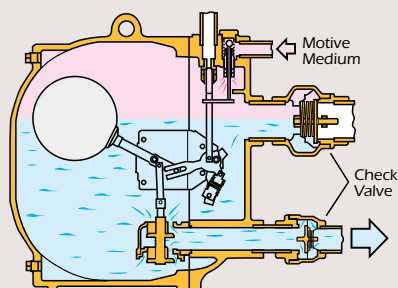
1 GT Trapping/Filling Cycle

When GT inlet pressure is greater than back pressure, the GT acts as a trap, continuously discharging condensate. When inlet pressure is less than back pressure, condensate cannot be discharged, so it accumulates in the body, causing the float to rise. As the float rises, the trap opens, although condensate still cannot be discharged.



2 GT Discharge Cycle

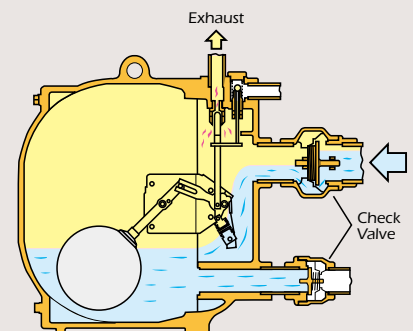
When the float reaches its highest position, the trap is fully open and the snap-action mechanism actuates, instantly both opening the motive medium intake valve and closing the exhaust valve. The motive medium pressure forces out the condensate, and the float falls. The snap-action mechanism re-sets, instantly opening the exhaust valve and closing the intake valve. The cycle then repeats.



Pump: GP10

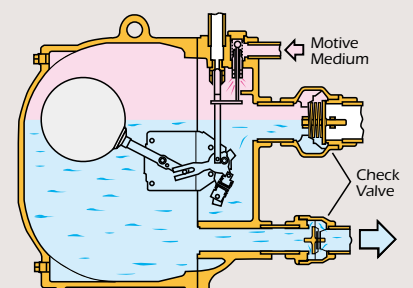
1 GP Filling Cycle

The pump body is equalized to the inlet receiver (usually atmospheric) by the open exhaust valve. This allows condensate to drain by gravity into the pump, where it accumulates and causes the float to rise.



2 GP Discharge Cycle

When the float reaches its highest position, the snap-action mechanism actuates, instantly both opening the motive medium intake valve and closing the exhaust valve. The motive medium pressure forces out the condensate, and the float falls. The snap-action mechanism re-sets, instantly opening the exhaust valve and closing the intake valve. The cycle then repeats.



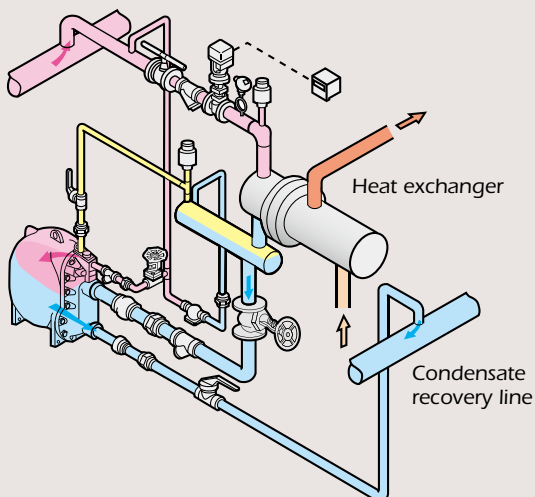
Systems for Many Different Applications

The TLV PowerTrap series meets a variety of condensate processing needs.

	Closed System			Open System		
System Overview						
Benefits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No need for external steam trap (GT model features built-in trap) No flash steam discharge Small reservoir Use with vacuum equipment possible 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Collection of condensate from multiple equipment possible Can be used where trap is lower than receiver, such as equipment situated near grade (providing there is sufficient differential pressure) 		
Notes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only one piece of equipment possible per system Equipment has minimum height requirement to ensure that condensate flows naturally, by gravity (approx.: GP/GT14, GP/GT10 - 0.8 m; GP10F - 1 m; GP/GT14M - 0.35 m; GP/GT14L - 0.3 m; GP/GT10L - 0.3 or 0.5 m; GT5C - 170 mm) 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Separate steam trap required for each piece of equipment Requires venting pipe to discharge flash steam to atmosphere 		
Approx. Max. Pump Discharge Capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> less than 8 t/h (GT10) less than 5.5 t/h (GT14) 8 t/h and greater (install pumps in parallel) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> less than 3.4 t/h (GT14M) less than 2.2 t/h (GT14L) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> less than 1.4 t/h (GT10L) less than 250 kg/h (GT5C) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> less than 9 t/h (GP10, GP10F) less than 6 t/h (GP14) 9 t/h and greater (install pumps in parallel) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> less than 4 t/h (GP14M) less than 2.4 t/h (GP14L) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> less than 1.5 t/h (GP10L) less than 260 kg/h (GP5C)
Model	Mechanical pump with built-in trap GT14/GT10	Mid-size mechanical pump with built-in trap GT14M/GT14L	Compact mechanical pump with built-in trap GT10L/GT5C	Mechanical pump GP14/GP10/GP10F	Mid-size mechanical pump GP14M/GP14L	Compact mechanical pump GP10L/GP5C
	Where there is ALWAYS a negative pressure differential (e.g. vacuum equipment), GP14/GP14M/GP14L/GP10/GP10L/GP10F can be used					
Some Application Examples	Large process/flow, such as: re-boilers, large heat exchangers	Small to medium process/flow, such as: room heaters, small to medium heat exchangers		Large process trap discharges, such as: cylinder dryers, platen presses	Small to medium process trap discharges, such as: recovery: trace lines & mains, small to medium heat exchangers	

Closed System (GT)

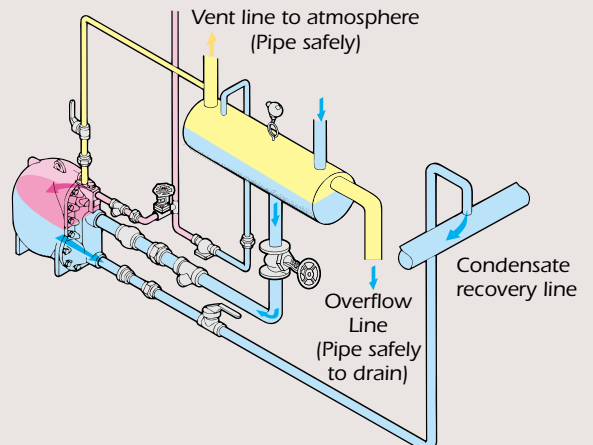
Sample Application:
Condensate Drainage & Recovery from Heat Exchanger



- Collection of condensate up to 185 °C possible
- Prevents clouds of steam from affecting the work environment

Open System (GP)

Sample Application:
Condensate Recovery from an Open Tank



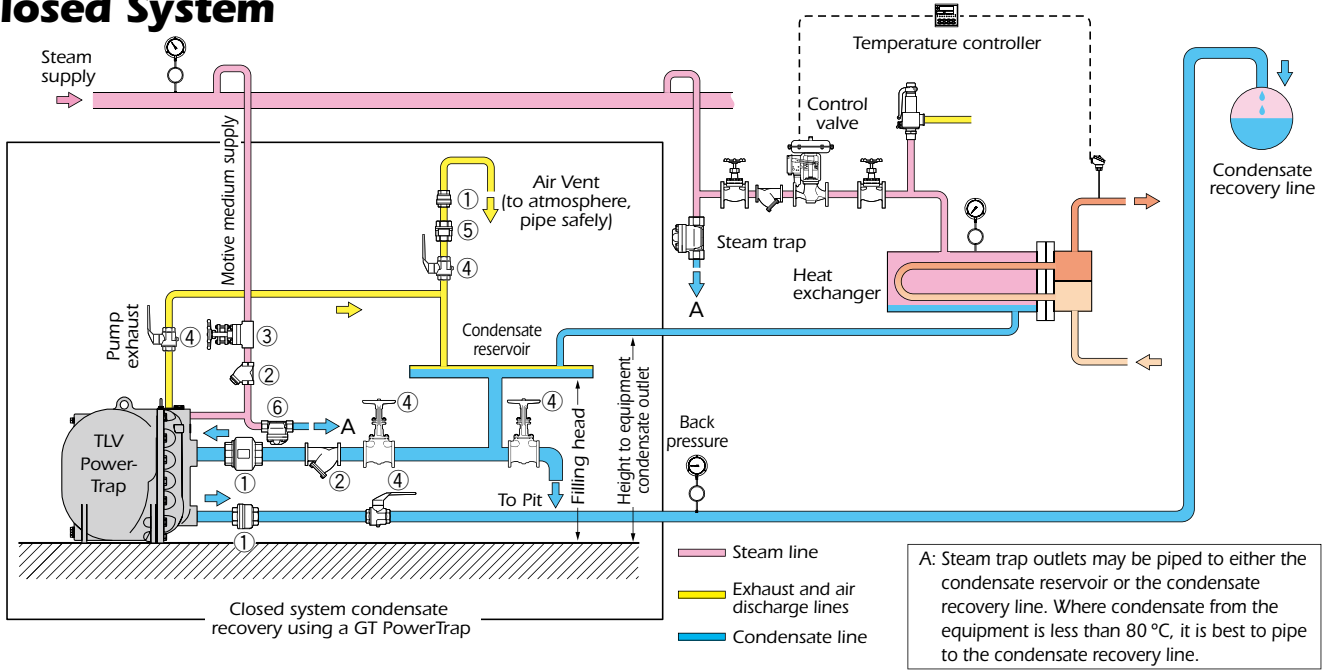
- Collection of condensate up to 100 °C possible
- Makes it easy to design systems that can easily obtain pressure differential

CAUTION Pipe all atmospheric discharge to a safe area

Installation Piping Examples

(For explanation purposes only, not intended as installation designs.)

● Closed System

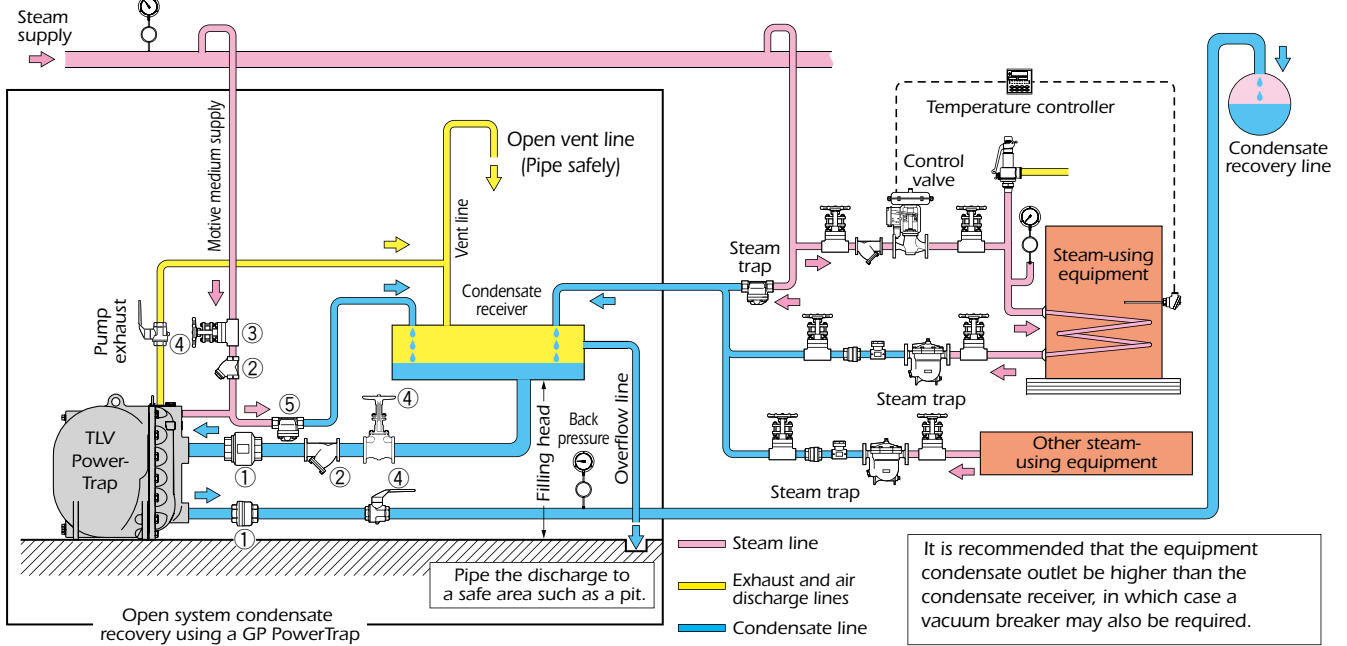


- ① Check valve
- ② Strainer; 40 mesh or finer
- ③ Gate valve or needle valve
- ④ Gate valve or ball valve
- ⑤ Air vent
- ⑥ Steam trap

CAUTION

- In closed system applications where steam condensate is pumped, use steam as the motive medium.
- The height of the condensate outlet on the equipment must be at least: filling head + diameter of reservoir.
- Please read the instruction manual to ensure safe usage.

● Open System

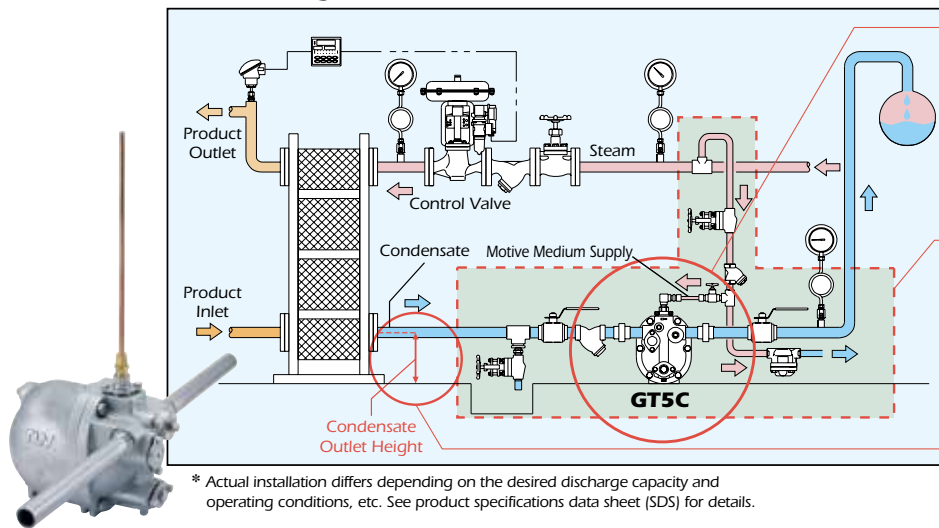


- ① Check valve
- ② Strainer; 40 mesh or finer
- ③ Gate valve or needle valve
- ④ Gate valve or ball valve
- ⑤ Steam trap

CAUTION

- The vent pipe and overflow pipe should discharge to a safe place.
- Please read the instruction manual to ensure safe usage.

● Installation Piping Example for GT5C*



* Actual installation differs depending on the desired discharge capacity and operating conditions, etc. See product specifications data sheet (SDS) for details.

Easy Maintenance

- Inlet/outlet check valves and motive medium intake valve unit are removable while connected to the piping
- The unit can be disconnected by removing only two bolts
- The body can be disassembled by removing six bolts while still connected to the piping

Simple Installation

- Only motive medium intake pipe - no exhaust pipe necessary
- Inlet/outlet piping is linear, streamlined and efficient
- Built-in air vent and check valves minimize external installation

Condensate Outlet Height of 170 mm

Usable with low condensate outlet heat exchangers

Specifications

Values attained using a TLV CK3MG (screwed) or CKF5M/CKF3MG (flanged) check valve, unless otherwise indicated. GP/GT5C have a built-in check valve.

Model	GT14	GP14	GT10	GP10	GT14M	GP14M	GT14L	GP14L	GT10L	GP10L	GP10F	GT5C	GP5C								
Approx. Max. Pump Discharge Capacity	5.5 t/h	6 t/h	8 t/h	9 t/h	3.4 t/h	4 t/h	2.2 t/h	2.4 t/h	1.4 t/h	1.5 t/h	9 t/h	250 kg/h	260 kg/h								
Approx. Built-in Trap Cap.	36 t/h	—	40 t/h	—	14 t/h	—	13 t/h	—	12 t/h	—	—	1 t/h	—								
Dimensions (mm)																					
Connection*1	S	F	S	F	S	F	S	F	S	F	S	F	S	F	S	F	S	F			
Body Material & Weight (kg)	Cast Iron	127	—	124	—	127	—	124	—	86	85	56	55	46	45	Carbon Steel 70	20	23	20	23	
	Cast Steel	139	149	136	146	139	149	136	146	94	93	61	60	50	49		—	—	—	—	
	Cast Stainless Steel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		18	21	18	21	
Size (mm)	Pumped Med. Inlet	80	50, 80	80	50, 80	80	50, 80	80	50, 80	40				25, 40	25	25, 40	25	25			
	Pumped Med. Outlet	50								40				25				50			
	Motive Med. Inlet	25								15				15				20			
	Pump Exhaust Outlet	25								15				15				25			
Max. Oper. Press. PMO	1.4 MPaG				1.05 MPaG				1.4 MPaG				1.05 MPaG				0.5 MPaG				
Max. Oper. Temp. TMO	200 °C				185 °C				220 °C				185 °C				220 °C				
Motive Med. Press.	0.03 - 1.4 MPaG				0.03 - 1.05 MPaG				0.03 - 1.4 MPaG				0.03 - 1.05 MPaG				0.03 - 0.5 MPaG				
Max. Allow. Back Press.	1.05 MPaG*2				1 MPaG*2				1.35 MPaG*2				1 MPaG*2				0.45 MPaG*2				
Motive Medium*3	GT Series: Saturated Steam GP Series: Saturated Steam, Compressed Air, Nitrogen																				
Pumped Medium*4	GT Series: Steam Condensate GP Series: Steam Condensate, Water																				
Filling Head*5 (mm)	Standard 860 Minimum 710				Std. 630 Min. 350				Std. 630 Min. 300				Std. 630 Min. 450 (300 w/ CKF5M)				Std. 1070 Min. 840				
Steam/Air Consumption*6	1.7 kg steam 6 m ³ compressed air*7 (GP Series)										2 kg steam 6.5 m ³ air*7				—						

*1 S = screwed, F = flanged *2 Motive medium pressure minus back pressure must be greater than 0.05 MPa *3 Do not use with toxic, flammable or otherwise hazardous fluids. *4 Do not use for fluids with specific gravities under 0.85 or over 1, or for toxic, flammable or otherwise hazardous fluids. *5 Measured from grade *6 At 0.1 MPaG back pressure, per 1,000 kg condensate *7 Equivalent consumption of air at 20 °C under atmospheric pressure

PRESSURE SHELL DESIGN CONDITIONS (NOT OPERATING CONDITIONS):
 Maximum Allowable Pressure (MPaG) PMA: GP/GT14, GP/GT10: 1.4 (C.I.), 1.6 (C.S.); GP/GT14M, GP/GT14L, GP/GT10L: 1.6 (C.I.), 2.1 (C.S.); GP10F: 1.05; GP/GT5C: 1.0
 Maximum Allowable Temperature (°C) TMA: GP/GT14, GP/GT10, GP/GT10L, GP10F, GP/GT5C: 220; GP/GT14M, GP/GT14L: 220 (C.I.), 260 (C.S.)

Full product details (sizes, pressures, capacities and materials) are included in the individual specification data sheets (SDS).



To avoid abnormal operation, accidents or serious injury, DO NOT use this product outside of the specification range. Local regulations may restrict the use of this product to below the conditions quoted.

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TLV CO., LTD.

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is approved by LRQA Ltd. to ISO 9001/14001

ISO 9001
ISO 14001

