



Instruction Manual

Pneumatic Control Valve CV-COSR



881 Nagasuna, Noguchi, Kakogawa, Hyogo, 675-8511, Japan Tel: [81]-(0)79-422-1122 Fax: [81]-(0)79-422-0112

Copyright © 2021 by TLV CO., LTD. All rights reserved



Contents

Introduction	3
Safety Considerations	4
Specifications	6
Configuration	8
Installation	9
Electrical Wiring	12
Operational Check	13
Maintenance	15
Disassembly/Reassembly	16
Troubleshooting	20
Options	22

TLV EXPRESS LIMITED WARRANTYエラー! ブックマークが定義され

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the TLV pneumatic control valve.

This product has been thoroughly inspected before being shipped from the factory. When the product is delivered, before doing anything else, check the specifications and external appearance to make sure nothing is out of the ordinary. Also be sure to read this manual carefully before use and follow the instructions to be sure of using the product properly.

This product employs an integrated positioner/diaphragm-type actuator with no lever, making it very compact. In addition, a threaded condensate drainage port is provided at the bottom of the body to allow installation of a blow valve or steam/air trap in order to eliminate condensate flowing in the piping, contributing to prevention of valve seat erosion and rapid start-up of the equipment.

This instruction manual is intended for use with the model(s) listed on the front cover. It is needed not only for installation, but also for subsequent maintenance, disassembly/reassembly and troubleshooting. Please keep it in a safe place for future reference.

Safety Considerations

- Read this section carefully before use and be sure to follow the instructions.
- Installation, inspection, maintenance, repairs, disassembly, adjustment and valve opening/closing should be carried out only by trained maintenance personnel.
- The precautions listed in this manual are designed to ensure safety and prevent equipment damage and personal injury. For situations that may occur as a result of erroneous handling, three different types of cautionary items are used to indicate the degree of urgency and the scale of potential damage and danger: DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION.
- The three types of cautionary items above are very important for safety: be sure
 to observe all of them as they relate to installation, use, maintenance and repair.
 Furthermore, TLV accepts no responsibility for any accidents or damage
 occurring as a result of failure to observe these precautions.

Symbols



Indicates a DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION item.

⚠ DANGER

Indicates an urgent situation which poses a threat of death or serious injury

MARNING

Indicates that there is a potential threat of death or serious injury

CAUTION

Indicates that there is a possibility of injury or equipment / product damage

↑CAUTION

Install properly and DO NOT use this product outside the recommended operating pressure, temperature and other specification ranges.

Improper use may result in such hazards as damage to the product or malfunctions that may lead to serious accidents. Local regulations may restrict the use of this product to below the conditions quoted.

Use hoisting equipment for heavy objects (weighing approximately 20 kg (44 lb) or more).

Failure to do so may result in back strain or other injury if the object should fall.

Take measures to prevent people from coming into direct contact with product outlets.

Failure to do so may result in burns or other injury from the discharge of fluids.

When disassembling or removing the product, wait until the internal pressure equals atmospheric pressure and the surface of the product has cooled to room temperature.

Disassembling or removing the product when it is hot or under pressure may lead to discharge of fluids, causing burns, other injuries or damage.

Continued on the next page

ACAUTION

Be sure to use only the recommended components when repairing the product, and NEVER attempt to modify the product in any way.

Failure to observe these precautions may result in damage to the product and burns or other injury due to malfunction or the discharge of fluids.

Do not use excessive force when connecting threaded pipes to the product.

Over-tightening may cause breakage leading to fluid discharge, which may cause burns or other injury.

Use only under conditions in which no freeze-up will occur. Freezing may damage the product, leading to fluid discharge, which may cause burns or other injury.

Use only under conditions in which no water hammer will occur.

The impact of water hammer may damage the product, leading to fluid discharge, which may cause burns or other injury.

Make sure the power supply is OFF before carrying out work on the wiring or inspections involving disassembly.

If such work is carried out with the power on, there is a danger that equipment may malfunction or electric shock may occur, leading to injury or other accidents.

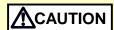
Make sure that wiring work requiring a special license is carried out by qualified personnel.

If carried out by unqualified personnel, overheating or short circuits leading to injury, fires, damage or other accidents may occur.

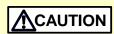
When using this product, NEVER stand close to, or leave tools anywhere near, moving parts, such as the shaft.

Contact with moving parts or objects becoming caught in moving parts could lead to injury or damage or other accidents.

Specifications

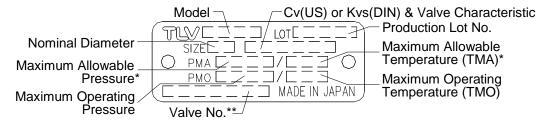


Install properly and DO NOT use this product outside the recommended operating pressure, temperature and other specification ranges. Improper use may result in such hazards as damage to the product or malfunctions which may lead to serious accidents. Local regulations may restrict the use of this product to below the conditions quoted.



Use only under conditions in which no freeze-up will occur. Freezing may damage the product, leading to fluid discharge, which may cause burns or other injury.

Refer to the product nameplate*** for detailed specifications.



- * Maximum allowable pressure (PMA) and maximum allowable temperature (TMA) are PRESSURE SHELL DESIGN CONDITIONS, **NOT** OPERATING CONDITIONS.
- ** Valve No. is displayed for products with options. This item is omitted from the nameplate when there are no options.
- *** Nameplate layout depends on product specifications.

Actuator/Pneumatic Positioner

Actuator Area	120 cm ² (18.6 in ²)
Operation	Air-to-Open (Reverse Action)
Air Supply Connection Port	Pneumatic positioner body G ¹ / ₄ (with adapter for G ¹ / ₄ × RC ¹ / ₄ , BSPT ¹ / ₄ or NPT ¹ / ₄)
Maximum Air Supply Pressure	0.6 MPaG (85 psig)
Motive Medium	Oil-free air, filtered to 5 µm
Air Consumption	At air supply pressure 0.4 MPaG: 0.16 Nm ³ /h (55 psig: 5.65 ft ³ /h)
Electrical Input Signal/Resistance	4 to 20 mA DC / approximately 300 Ω
Electrical Connection Port	PG11
Protection Class	IP54 (dust and splash-proof type)
Allowable Ambient Temperature Range	-10 to 60 °C (14 to 140 °F)
Material	Die cast aluminum/synthetic resin

Air Supply Pressure

7.11 Gappiy 1 1000ai 5					
Size	Pressure Supplied to Filter Regulator	Air Pressure Supplied to Positioner	Air Pressure Supplied to Actuator (Spring Range)		
$15 - 50 \text{ mm}$ $(^{1}/_{2} - 2 \text{ in})$	0.40 – 0.60 MPaG (55 – 85 psig)	0.38 MPaG (54 psig)	0.21 – 0.33 MPaG (30 – 48 psig)		

 $(1 \text{ MPa} = 10.197 \text{ kg/cm}^2)$

Valve

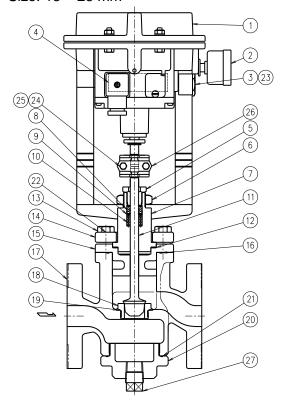
Size m	nm (in)	15 (¹/₂)	20 (3/4)	25 (1)	40 (11/2)	50 (2)
Maximum O Pressure (Pl		See nameplate				
Maximum Operating Temperature (TMO)			(See nameplate	e	
Applicable F	luid*		S	team, Water,	Air	
Valve Plug & Stem/ Valve Seat Material				Stainless stee	el	
Valve Characteristic		Equal percentage				
Stroke (Trav	el)	15 mm (9/ ₁₆ in)				
Rangeability	,	50:1				
Cv and Kvs	Cv (US)	3.5	6.0	9.0	27	40
Values	Cv (UK)	2.9	5.0	7.5	23	33
values	Kvs (DIN)	3.0	23	34		
Valve Leakage Rate (Leak Rate Class)		Less than 0.01% of the rated Cv and Kvs value (IEC/ANSI/EN Class IV)				
Condensate Port	Drainage		Rc(PT)) ¹ / ₂ , BSPT ¹ / ₂ o	r NPT¹/₂	

(1 MPa = 10.197 kg/cm²)

^{*}Do not use for toxic, flammable or otherwise hazardous fluids.

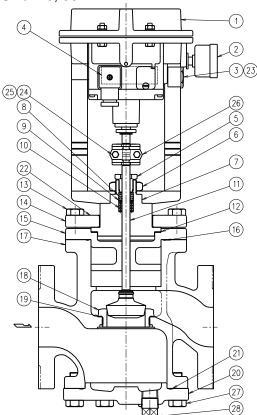
Configuration

Size: 15 - 25 mm



No.	Part Name	М*	R*
1	Actuator Body		
3	Pressure Gauge		
3	Bushing		
4	Specifications Sticker		
5	Guide Bushing		
6	Valve Bonnet Nut		
7	Valve Bonnet		
8	Stuffing Box V-rings		✓
9	Stuffing Box Washer		✓
10	Stuffing Box Spring		✓ ✓
11	Valve Plug & Stem		✓
12	Valve Bonnet Gasket	✓	\checkmark
13	Bolt		
14	Flange		
15	Valve Bonnet Guide		
16	Valve Bonnet Guide Gasket	✓	\checkmark
17	Body		
18	Valve Seat		✓
19	Valve Seat Gasket	✓	✓
20	Cover Plug		
21	Cover Plug Gasket	✓	\checkmark
22	Nameplate		
23	Gasket		
24	Bolt		
25	Nut		
26	Stem Bracket Connector Plate Set		
27	Drain Plug		

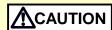
Size: 40, 50 mm



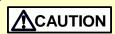
No.	Part Name	M*	R*
1	Actuator Body		
2	Pressure Gauge		
3 4	Bushing		
4	Specifications Sticker		
5	Guide Bushing		
6	Valve Bonnet Nut		
7	Valve Bonnet		
8	Stuffing Box V-rings		✓
9	Stuffing Box Washer		✓
10	Stuffing Box Spring		✓ ✓
11	Valve Plug & Stem		\
12	Valve Bonnet Gasket	✓	✓
13	Bolt		
14	Flange		
15	Valve Bonnet Guide		
16	Valve Bonnet Guide Gasket	✓	✓
17	Body		
18	Valve Seat		✓
19	Valve Seat Gasket	✓	✓
20	Cover		
21	Cover Gasket	✓	✓
22	Nameplate		
23	Gasket		
	Bolt		
25	Nut		
	Stem Bracket Connector Plate Set		
27	Cover Bolt		
28	Drain Plug		

^{*}Replacement parts are available only in the following kits: M = Maintenance Kit R = Repair Kit

Installation



Install properly and DO NOT use this product outside the recommended operating pressure, temperature and other specification ranges. Improper use may result in such hazards as damage to the product or malfunctions which may lead to serious accidents. Local regulations may restrict the use of this product to below the conditions quoted.



Use hoisting equipment for heavy objects (weighing approximately 20 kg (44 lb) or more). Failure to do so may result in back strain or other injury if the object should fall.



Take measures to prevent people from coming into direct contact with product outlets. Failure to do so may result in burns or other injury from the discharge of fluids.

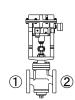
Installation, inspection, maintenance, repairs, disassembly and adjustment and valve opening/closing should be carried out only by trained maintenance personnel.

Check to make sure that the piping where the product is to be installed is constructed properly. If the piping is not correctly constructed, the valve may not perform optimally.

1. Blowdown

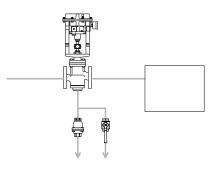
Before installing the CV-COSR unit, be sure to blow down all piping thoroughly. If this is not possible, perform a blowdown using the bypass valve. Blowdown is especially important for newly installed piping or after the system has been shut down for a long period of time.

Removing any Protective Caps and Seals
 Before installation, be sure to remove all protective seals and caps.
 (Found in 2 locations, on the product inlet and outlet.)



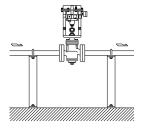
3. Installation Orientation

Install the CV-COSR so that the arrow mark on the body points in the direction of fluid flow. If the CV-COSR is going to be used with the drain plug in place, there are no further restrictions on the installation orientation. If a blow valve or a steam/air trap is going to be installed, the CV-COSR should be installed horizontally in the piping with the actuator at the top.



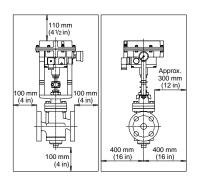
4. Piping Support

Install the CV-COSR, paying attention to avoid excessive load, bending and vibration. Support the inlet and outlet pipes securely.



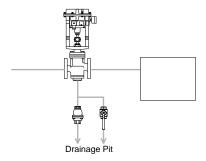
5. Maintenance Space

Leave sufficient space for maintenance, inspection and repair.



6. Drainage Port Usage Example

The threaded condensate drainage port at the bottom of the body makes possible installation of a blow valve or steam/air trap. Because the condensate drainage port is located on the primary side of the CV-COSR, condensate flowing in the primary side piping can quickly be eliminated, contributing to prevention of valve seat erosion and rapid start-up of the equipment.



7. Accessories

Always install a shut-off valve, pressure gauge and bypass lines at both inlet and outlet. Ball valves, which will not retain condensate, are recommended for inlet and outlet shut-off valves. The bypass pipe should be at least $^{1}/_{2}$ of the size of the inlet (primary side) pipe.

8. Installation Environment

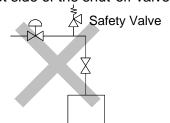
Check the installation environment to make sure that the ambient temperature does not exceed the actuator ambient temperature limit and that no corrosive gasses are present.

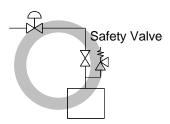
9. Shut-off Valve Installation

Though the CV-COSR adequately performs the function of a shut-off valve initially, extended use will result in a drop in its performance as an isolation valve. Be sure to install a separate shut-off or automatic valve if complete isolation is needed.

10. Safety Valve Installation

When installing a safety valve, be sure not to install it between the control valve and the shut-off valve. It must be installed near the equipment it is to protect, on the outlet side of the shut-off valve.





11. Avoid Foreign Matter and Water Hammer

Do not install in locations in the piping where foreign matter accumulates or where impact from water pressure (water hammer) occurs.

12. Piping Gaskets

Be careful that the piping gaskets do not protrude outside the inner bore of the flange.

The type of medium being used and the temperature must be taken into account in order to select a gasket of a suitable material.

13. Air Line Blowdown/Purge

Before connecting the air lines for the motive air that is to be piped to the actuator, blow out the air in the lines to purge any dirt, foreign matter, oil or water from inside of the piping.

14. Quality of Motive Air

Supply to the actuator only clean air that does not contain water, oil or foreign matter.

To prevent malfunction due to contamination of the air supply, installation of the optional air filter regulator (5μ filter) and mist separator (0.3μ filter) as a set is recommended.

If air quality results in operation failure, the entire actuator unit (including the integrated positioner) must be replaced.

If there is a problem in operation, determine the cause using the "Troubleshooting" section in this manual.

Electrical Wiring



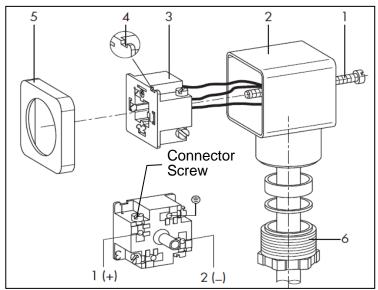
Make sure the power supply is OFF before carrying out work on the wiring or inspections involving disassembly. If such work is carried out with the power on, there is a danger that equipment may malfunction or electric shock may occur, leading to injury or other accidents.



Make sure that wiring work requiring a special license is carried out only by qualified personnel. If carried out by unqualified personnel, overheating or short circuits leading to injury, fires, damage or other accidents may occur.

Connecting the Electrical Plug Connector

- 1. Loosen the screw (1) in the center section of the electrical wiring plug connector by using a screwdriver.
- 2. Pull the entire plug connector out of the actuator. Be careful not to lose the rubber gasket (5).
- 3. Insert a screwdriver into the notch (4) in the terminal plug (3) and remove the terminal plug (3) from the plug connector case (2).
- 4. Insert the input signal wiring through the wiring connection port (6) and connect the wiring to the 1(+), 2(-) and ground terminals at the symbols imprinted on the terminal plug (3), taking care not to reverse the polarity.
- 5. Reinsert the connected terminal plug (3) into the plug connector case (2). When inserting the terminal plug (3) into the plug connector case (2), the orientation of the wiring connection port may be altered by rotating the terminal plug (3) 90° or 180°.
- 6. Reinsert the plug connector into the actuator. Make sure to correctly align the male and female pins. Remember to reinsert the rubber gasket (5) between the plug connector and the actuator.
- 7. Retighten the screw (1) in the center section of the electrical wiring plug connector by using a screwdriver.



NOTE: Use shielded cable to avoid noise interference in the electrical wiring.

Operational Check

Before beginning steady operation, perform an operational check by following the steps outlined below:

- 1. Close the shut-off valves on the CV-COSR inlets and outlets. Check operation without yet starting the flow of fluid (steam, water or air).
- 2. Check to make sure the designated air pressure is being supplied to the pneumatic positioner. (Air pressure: 0.38 MPaG (54 psig))
 - NOTE: If the air supply pressure is incorrect, adjust it using an inlet air reducing valve. NOTE: If an air reducing valve is attached, check the reading on its pressure gauge.
- 3. Turn on the power to the controller operation signal source, etc. (referred to hereinafter as the controller).
- 4. Set the operation signal output from the controller to the CV-COSR to 0% (4 mA).
- 5. Check the CV-COSR valve travel and the actuator air supply pressure.

Valve Travel: Fully closed (valve travel 0%)

Air Pressure: 0 MPaG (check the pressure gauge on the pneumatic positioner for the air pressure)

NOTE: If the air pressure is not 0 MPaG (0 psig), refer to the "Adjusting the Zero/ Span" section of this product Instruction Manual and adjust the zero.

- 6. Set the controller operation signal to 100% (20 mA).
- 7. Check the CV-COSR valve travel and the actuator air supply pressure.

Valve Travel: Fully open (valve travel 100%)

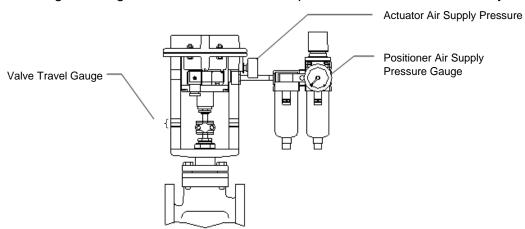
Air Pressure: Approximately 0.38 MPaG (54 psig) (check the pressure gauge on the pneumatic positioner for the air pressure)

NOTE: If the valve travel differs widely from 100%, refer to the "Adjusting the Zero/Span" section of this product Instruction Manual and re-adjust the span and the zero.

NOTE: If the control valve does not move from the fully closed position, check to see if the wires for the controller and control valve have any breaks, short-circuits, or have their polarity reversed (+ and – are reversed).

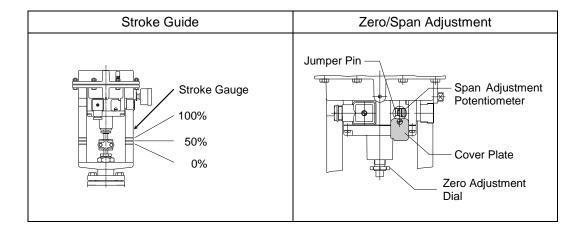
- 8. Set the controller operation signal to 50% (12 mA).
- 9. Make sure valve travel is smooth and without vibration.

NOTE: If the valve is vibrating vertically, it may be being caused by noise on the signal wiring. Check to see if there is a possible source of noise nearby.



Adjusting the Zero/Span

- 1. After connecting the air piping, operate the air pressure reducing valve to maintain the positioner air supply pressure at 0.38 MPaG (54 psig) (reverse action).
- 2. Connect a current generator or a controller for input of an operation signal of 4 to 20 mA.
- 3. Loosen the cover plate screw and open the cover plate.
- 4. Pull out the jumper pin. (Be sure not to lose it.)
- 5. Set the operation signal output from the current generator or controller to 4 mA (0%).
- 6. Turn the zero adjustment dial slowly until the valve just begins to open (the actuator pressure gauge just beings to move). (The valve must NOT be open.) NOTE: Turning counterclockwise causes the valve to begin to open earlier.
- 7. Change the operation signal to 4.1 mA (1%) and check to make sure the valve begins to open.
- 8. Change the operation signal to 4 mA (0%) and check to make sure the valve is completely closed (the actuator pressure gauge is completely at zero).
- 9. Change the operation signal to 20 mA (100%), and make sure that the stroke indicator reads in the vicinity of 100%.
 - If it does not, use a precision flat-head screwdriver to turn the span adjustment potentiometer until it is close to 100%.
 - NOTE: Turning clockwise increases the stroke (travel).
- 10. Each modification of the span results in a zero shift. Repeat the above correction procedure until both the zero and span are correct.
- 11. After completing the adjustment, insert the jumper pin securely into their previous position and close the cover.



Maintenance



Take measures to prevent people from coming into direct contact with product outlets. Failure to do so may result in burns or other injury from the discharge of fluids.



When disassembling or removing the product, wait until the internal pressure equals atmospheric pressure and the surface of the product has cooled to room temperature. Disassembling or removing the product when it is hot or under pressure may lead to discharge of fluids, causing burns, other injuries or damage.



Be sure to use only the recommended components when repairing the product, and NEVER attempt to modify the product in any way. Failure to observe these precautions may result in damage to the product or burns or other injury due to malfunction or the discharge of fluids.

Operational Check

An inspection of the following items should be done on a daily basis to determine whether the product is operating properly or has failed. Periodically (at least biannually) the operation should also be checked.

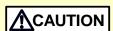
In the event of failure (malfunction), also refer to the "Troubleshooting" section for remedies.

Inspection Item	Inspection Points	Remedy for Failure (Malfunction)
Leakage from valve	Visual inspection or stethoscope	Adjust the zero/span; if that does
(when the valve is	inspection; is the outlet side	not solve the problem, replace
closed)	pressure or temperature elevated,	with a new valve plug & stem and
	or is there the sound of the	valve seat
	medium flowing?	
Leakage from gland	Visual inspection; is fluid leaking	Coat the gland and the valve
area	from the gap between the gland	stem with grease; if that does not
	and the valve stem, or are there	solve the problem, replace with
	signs it has leaked previously?	new V-rings
Air leakage from	Visual inspection or stethoscope	Replace with a new actuator unit
actuator	inspection; can the sound of a	
	large amount of air leaking from	
	the actuator area or the exhaust	
	tap during stable actuator	
	operation always be heard?	
Leakage from the	Visual inspection; is fluid leaking	Apply additional tightening (refer
gaskets between	from the gasket areas on	to recommended torque) or
any pressurized	pressurized parts?	replace with new gaskets
parts	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
Leakage from	Visual inspection; is fluid leaking	Replace any pressurized parts at
pressurized parts	from pressurized parts such as	leak locations
such as body and	the body or valve bonnet?	
valve bonnet	Minus line and the control	Deadinat the air agencies
Operating conditions	Visual inspection; does the actual	Readjust the air pressure
	valve travel differ from the	reducing valve and positioner
	designated operation signal value?	zero and span; if that does not
		solve the problem, refer to the
		"Troubleshooting" section

Disassembly/Reassembly



When disassembling or removing the product, wait until the internal pressure equals atmospheric pressure and the surface of the product has cooled to room temperature. Disassembling or removing the product when it is hot or under pressure may lead to discharge of fluids, causing burns, other injuries or damage.



Be sure to use only the recommended components when repairing the product, and NEVER attempt to modify the product in any way. Failure to observe these precautions may result in damage to the product or burns or other injury due to malfunction or the discharge of fluids.

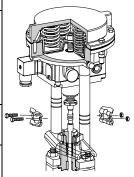
Use the following procedures to remove components. Use the same procedures in reverse to reassemble. (Installation, inspection, maintenance, repairs, disassembly, adjustment and valve opening/closing should be carried out only by trained maintenance personnel.)

NOTE: Be sure to coat all threaded portions of the valve seat and bolts with anti-seize. Perform the following procedure before beginning disassembly:

- 1. After connecting the air piping, operate the air pressure reducing valve to maintain the positioner air supply pressure at 0.38 MPaG (54 psig).
- 2. Connect a current generator or a controller for input of an operation signal of 4 to 20 mA.

Removing/Reattaching the Stem Bracket Plates

Part	During Disassembly	During Reassembly
_	Set the actuator air supply pressure to 0 MPaG (0 psig) to maintain the valve in the fully closed position.	Set the actuator air supply pressure to 0 MPaG (0 psig) to maintain the valve in the fully closed position. Check to make sure the valve stem and actuator stem are in firm contact with each other.
Bolts and Nuts	Remove with a socket wrench	Consult the table of tightening torques and tighten to the proper torque
Stem Bracket Plate	Take the bracket apart (separates into 2 plates)	After aligning the plates, tighten the nuts and bolts while making sure the gap between the plates is even on both sides



CAUTION

Be careful not to pinch your fingers between the valve stem and actuator stem!

Disassembling/Reassembling the Valve and Actuator Sections

Part	During Disassembly	During Reassembly
_	Set the operation signal input to 12 mA (50%) Make sure the gap between the valve stem and the actuator stem is open	Set the operation signal input to 12 mA (50%) Make sure the gap between the valve stem and the actuator stem is open
Valve Bonnet Nut	Remove with an open-end wrench	Consult the table of tightening torques and tighten to the proper torque



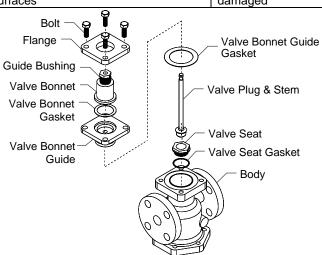
The actuator unit

ACAUTION

Be careful not to pinch your fingers between the valve stem and actuator stem!

Disassembling/Reassembling of the Body Section

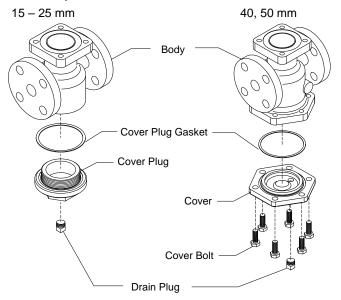
During December 1					
Part	During Disassembly	During Reassembly			
Guide Bushing	Loosen slightly with a socket wrench to	Consult the table of tightening torques			
	make the following procedure easier	and tighten to the proper torque			
Bolts for flange	Remove with a socket wrench	Tighten the bolts evenly, while checking			
		to make sure that there is no catching			
		or biting when the valve plug is seated			
		in the valve seat; after tightening to the			
		rated torque, check to make sure that			
		the valve plug & stem moves up and			
		down smoothly; make sure to tighten			
		evenly			
Flange	Pull up and off, being careful not to	Reattach, being careful not to damage			
Valve Bonnet	damage the valve plug & stem or valve	the valve plug & stem or valve seat			
	seat	Insert the valve bonnet into the gasket			
		housing securely and without tilting			
Valve Bonnet	Remove the gasket and clean sealing	Be sure to replace with a new gasket;			
Gasket	surfaces	do not coat with anti-seize			
Valve Bonnet	Pull up and off, being careful not to	Reattach, being careful not to damage			
Guide	damage the valve plug & stem or valve	the valve plug & stem or valve seat			
	seat	The difference between the inner			
	The difference between the inner	diameter of the body and the outer			
	diameter of the body and the outer	diameter of the valve bonnet guide is			
	diameter of the valve bonnet guide is	very small, so make sure that it does			
	very small, so make sure that it does	not tilt and get caught when inserting			
	not tilt and get caught when pulling the	the valve bonnet guide			
	valve bonnet guide up and off	_			
Valve Bonnet	Remove the gasket and clean sealing	Replace with a new gasket if warped or			
Guide Gasket	surfaces	damaged			
Valve Plug &	Pull up and out, being careful not to	Reattach, being careful not to damage			
Stem	damage the plug & stem	the plug & stem			
Valve Seat	Remove with a socket wrench	Consult the table of tightening torques			
		and tighten to the proper torque			
Valve Seat	Remove the gasket and clean sealing	Replace with a new gasket if warped or			
Gasket	surfaces	damaged			



Removing/Reattaching the Cover Plug and Cover

Part	15 – 25 mm	40, 50 mm	During Disassembly	During Reassembly
Drain Plug*	√	✓	Remove with an appropriate tool; be careful of residual fluid flowing out from inside the body	Wrap threaded portion with sealing tape; consult the table of tightening torques and tighten to the proper torque
Cover Plug	√		Uses a screwed connection; remove with an appropriate tool	Consult the table of tightening torques and tighten to the proper torque
Cover		√	Remove cover bolts with an appropriate tool	Consult the table of tightening torques and tighten cover bolts to the proper torque
Cover Plug Gasket	√	√	Remove the gasket and clean sealing surfaces	Replace with a new gasket if warped or damaged

^{*}When a steam/air trap or blow valve is connected to the bottom of the body, piping connected to the steam/air trap or the blow valve should be removed.



Disassembling/Reassembling the Gland and its Components

In the procedure below, first partially loosen the guide bushing and then remove the valve plug & stem before removing the other parts. (The procedure is most easily performed if the bushing is loosened while it is attached to the valve body.)

Part	During Disassembly	During Reassembly	(A)-
Guide Bushing	Remove with a socket wrench	Consult the table of tightening torques and tighten to the proper torque	
Stuffing Box V-rings	Pull up and out	Make sure to reassemble the V-rings in the proper orientation; coat the groove with heat-resistant silicon grease; reattach the V-rings with their grooves facing downward	BLK
Stuffing Box Washer	Pull up and out	Reinsert	Sectional View of
Stuffing Box Spring			Stuffing Box V-rings

Parts Inspection

When parts have been removed, use the following table to inspect the parts and replace any that are found to be defective.

Inspection Item

Gasket(s): Check for warping and damage

(Graphite gaskets MUST be replaced if disassembled)

Stuffing Box V-rings: Check for warping or damage

Valve Plug & Stem, Valve Seat: Check for damage or scratches

Table of Tightening Torques

	15 mm (½ in)		20 mm (¾ in)		25 mm (1 in)		40 mm (1½ in)		50 mm (2 in)	
		Dist.		Dist.		Dist.		Dist.		Dist.
	Torque	Across	Torque	Across	Torque	Across	Torque	Across	Torque	Across
		Flats		Flats		Flats		Flats		Flats
Part	N∙m	mm	N∙m	mm	N∙m	mm	N∙m	mm	N∙m	mm
	(lbf·ft)	(in)	(lbf-ft)	(in)	(lbf-ft)	(in)	(lbf∙ft)	(in)	(lbf-ft)	(in)
Bolts and Nuts for	7	8	7	8	7	8	7	8	7	8
Stem Bracket Plates	(5.1)	(5/16)	(5.1)	(5/16)	(5.1)	(5/16)	(5.1)	(5/16)	(5.1)	(5/16)
Valve Bonnet Nut	150	36	150	36	150	36	150	36	150	36
	(72)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$	(72)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$	(72)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$	(72)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$	(72)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$
Guide Bushing	120	24	120	24	120	24	120	24	120	24
(Valve Bonnet	(88)	$(^{15}/_{16})$	(88)	$(^{15}/_{16})$	(88)	$(^{15}/_{16})$	(88)	$(^{15}/_{16})$	(88)	$(^{15}/_{16})$
Section)	(00)	(/16)	(00)	(/16)	(00)	(/16)	(00)	(/16)	(00)	(/16)
Bolts for Flange	40	17	40	17	40	17	40	17	50	19
	(29)	$(^{21}/_{32})$	(29)	$(^{21}/_{32})$	(29)	$(^{21}/_{32})$	(29)	$(^{21}/_{32})$	(37)	$(^{3}/_{4})$
Valve Seat	100	30	100	30	125	36	250	50	300	60
	(73)	$(^{13}/_{16})$	(73)	$(^{13}/_{16})$	(92)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$	(185)	$(1^{31}/_{32})$	(220)	$(2^3/8)$
Cover Plug	250	41	250	41	350	46				
	(185)	$(1^{5}/_{8})$	(185)	$(1^{5}/_{8})$	(260)	$(1^{13}/_{16})$	_	_	_	_
Cover Bolt							60	17	70	19
							(44)	$(^{21}/_{32})$	(51)	$(^{3}/_{4})$
Drain Plug	40* (29*) N·m (lb·ft) 14 (⁹ / ₁₆) mm (in)									

(1 N·m ≈ 10 kg·cm)

^{*} These values represent tightening torques for threads that are wrapped with 3 - 3.5 turns of sealing tape.

Troubleshooting



When disassembling or removing the product, wait until the internal pressure equals atmospheric pressure and the surface of the product has cooled to room temperature. Disassembling or removing the product when it is hot or under pressure may lead to discharge of fluids, causing burns, other injuries or damage.

When the product fails to operate properly, use the following table to locate the cause and remedy.

Problem	Cause	Diagnosis	Remedy (Countermeasure)		
Valve Leakage	The pressure of the	Check the pressure of the air	Adjust the pressure of the air		
	air supply to the	supply to the positioner and	supply for the positioner to		
	positioner is too high	confirm product specifications	match the pressure in the		
			product specifications		
	The positioner's zero	Check the actuator air supply	If the pressure on the pressure		
	point is miscalibrated	pressure (on the positioner's	gauge is elevated (not 0		
		pressure gauge) when the	MpaG (0 psig)), adjust the		
		operation signal is at 4 mA	positioner's zero point		
	The inlet pressure for	Check the inlet pressure for	Operate at an inlet pressure of		
	the valve is too high	the valve	1.0 MPaG (150 psig) or less		
	The valve plug and	Move the valve plug & stem up			
	valve seat are off-	and down and check to see if it	section correctly		
	center There is a problem	catches	Denless with a new velve place		
	There is a problem	Check the valve plug and	Replace with a new valve plug		
	with the sealing surfaces of the valve	valve seat	& stem and valve seat		
The velve does	plug and valve seat	Charleta and if a large amount	Deplete with a new positioner/		
The valve does not travel	The bellowphragm in the actuator is broken	of air is leaking from the	Replace with a new positioner/ actuator unit		
beyond a certain	line actuator is broken	exhaust tap	Check to make sure that the		
point		exilaust tap	valve is not operating		
Politi			(traveling) too often and that		
			the ambient temperature is not		
			too high]		
	The positioner's	Check to see if any unusual	Replace with a new positioner/		
	internal parts are	noise is coming from the	actuator unit		
	broken	positioner	[Check to make sure that the		
	(The diaphragm is	ľ	valve is not operating		
	cracked, etc.)		(traveling) too often and that		
	, ,		the ambient temperature is not		
			too high]		
	There is insufficient	Check the pressure of the air	Adjust the supply air pressure		
	air supply pressure to	supply to the positioner and	for the positioner		
	the positioner	refer to product specifications	(Confirm product		
			specifications)		
	Malfunction of the	Check to make sure the	Inspect the controller and		
	signal system	controller is emitting a 4 to 20	repair the signal wiring if		
		mA signal and that the wires	necessary		
		are not disconnected, etc.			

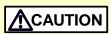
Continued on the next page

Problem	Cause	Diagnosis	Remedy (Countermeasure)
No movement at all		Make sure that the compressor	
	wiring is incorrectly connected	is connected to the correct terminals and that the + and - polarity is not reversed	
	The input signal is not being input	input by the positioner connection terminals	origin or repair the signal wiring
	Positioner's internal parts are broken (The diaphragm is cracked, etc.)	Check to see if any unusual noise is coming from the positioner	Replace with a new positioner/ actuator unit [Check to make sure that the valve is not operating (traveling) too often and that the ambient temperature is not too high]
	There is water or oil inside the positioner	Check to see if there is water or oil entrained in the supply air; check to see if the humidity at the control valve piping location is too high	
	There is water or oil inside the positioner	Check to see if there is water or oil entrained in the air supply	Replace with a new positioner/ actuator unit and improve the quality of the air supply
	The filter regulator is clogged	Check the filter	Clean the filter or replace with a new filter
Valve travel is unstable	The setting of the controller is faulty	Check the set value based on the controller's PID parameters	Adjust the controller's setting values

Options



Install properly and DO NOT use this product outside the recommended operating pressure, temperature and other specification ranges. Improper use may result in such hazards as damage to the product or malfunctions which may lead to serious accidents. Local regulations may restrict the use of this product to below the conditions quoted.

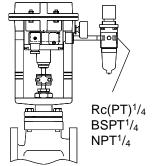


Take measures to prevent people from coming into direct contact with product outlets. Failure to do so may result in burns or other injury from the discharge of fluids.

The following options are available to meet individual specification requirements, so please verify your particular product.

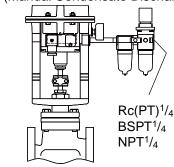
Actuator Unit Option (Section B)

With Filter Regulator (Manual Condensate Discharge)



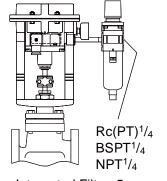
Integrated Filter: 5 µm

With Mist Separator + Filter Regulator (Manual Condensate Discharge)



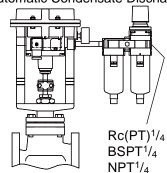
Integrated Filter: 0.3 µm + 5 µm

With Filter Regulator (Automatic Condensate Discharge)



Integrated Filter: 5 µm

With Mist Separator + Filter Regulator (Automatic Condensate Discharge)



Integrated Filter: 0.3 µm + 5 µm

TLV EXPRESS LIMITED WARRANTY

Subject to the limitations set forth below, TLV Corporation, a North Carolina corporation ("**TLV**") warrants that products which are sold by it, TLV CO., LTD., a Japanese corporation ("**TLVJ**") or TLV International, Inc., a Japanese corporation ("**TII**"), (hereinafter the "**Products**") are designed and manufactured by TLVJ, conform to the specifications published by TLV for the corresponding part numbers (the "**Specifications**") and are free from defective workmanship and materials. With regard to products or components manufactured by unrelated third parties (the "**Components**"), TLV provides no warranty other than the warranty from the third party manufacturer(s), if any.

Exceptions to Warranty

This warranty does not cover defects or failures caused by:

- 1. improper shipping, installation, use, handling, etc., by other than TLV or service representatives authorized by TLV; or
- 2. dirt, scale or rust, etc.; or
- 3. improper disassembly and reassembly, or inadequate inspection and maintenance by other than TLV or service representatives authorized by TLV; or
- 4. disasters or forces of nature or Acts of God; or
- 5. abuse, abnormal use, accidents or any other cause beyond the control of TLV; or
- 6. improper storage, maintenance or repair; or
- 7. operation of the Products not in accordance with instructions issued with the Products or with accepted industry practices; or
- 8. use for a purpose or in a manner for which the Products were not intended; or
- 9. use of the Products in a manner inconsistent with the Specifications; or
- 10. use of the Products with Hazardous Fluids (fluids other than steam, air, water, nitrogen, carbon dioxide and inert gases (helium, neon, argon, krypton, xenon and radon)); or
- 11. failure to follow the instructions contained in the TLV Instruction Manual for the Product.

Duration of Warranty

This warranty is effective for a period of the earlier of: (i) three (3) years after delivery of Products to the first end user in the case of sealed SST-Series Products for use in steam pressure service up to 650 psig; (ii) two (2) years after delivery of Products to the first end user in the case of PowerTrap® units; or (iii) one (1) year after delivery of Products to the first end user in the case of all other Products. Notwithstanding the foregoing, asserting a claim under this warranty must be brought by the earlier of one of the foregoing periods, as applicable, or within five (5) years after the date of delivery to the initial buyer if not sold initially to the first end user.

ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES NOT NEGATED HEREBY WHICH MAY ARISE BY OPERATION OF LAW, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND ANY EXPRESS WARRANTIES NOT NEGATED HEREBY, ARE GIVEN SOLELY TO THE INITIAL BUYER AND ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO ONE (1) YEAR FROM THE DATE OF SHIPMENT BY TLV.

Exclusive Remedy

THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY UNDER THIS WARRANTY, UNDER ANY EXPRESS WARRANTY OR UNDER ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES NOT NEGATED HEREBY (INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE), IS **REPLACEMENT**; PROVIDED: (a) THE CLAIMED DEFECT IS REPORTED TO TLV IN WRITING WITHIN THE APPLICABLE WARRANTY PERIOD, INCLUDING A DETAILED WRITTEN DESCRIPTION OF THE CLAIMED DEFECT AND HOW AND WHEN THE CLAIMED DEFECTIVE PRODUCT WAS USED; AND (b) THE CLAIMED DEFECTIVE PRODUCT AND A COPY OF THE PURCHASE INVOICE IS RETURNED TO TLV, FREIGHT AND TRANSPORTATION COSTS PREPAID, UNDER A RETURN MATERIAL AUTHORIZATION AND TRACKING NUMBER ISSUED BY TLV. ALL LABOR COSTS, SHIPPING COSTS, AND TRANSPORTATION COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE RETURN OR REPLACEMENT OF THE CLAIMED DEFECTIVE

PRODUCT ARE SOLELY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF BUYER OR THE FIRST END USER. TLV RESERVES THE RIGHT TO INSPECT ON THE FIRST END USER'S SITE ANY PRODUCTS CLAIMED TO BE DEFECTIVE BEFORE ISSUING A RETURN MATERIAL AUTHORIZATION. SHOULD SUCH INSPECTION REVEAL, IN TLV'S REASONABLE DISCRETION, THAT THE CLAIMED DEFECT IS NOT COVERED BY THIS WARRANTY, THE PARTY ASSERTING THIS WARRANTY SHALL PAY TLV FOR THE TIME AND EXPENSES RELATED TO SUCH ON-SITE INSPECTION.

Exclusion of Consequential and Incidental Damages

IT IS SPECIFICALLY ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THIS WARRANTY, ANY OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY NOT NEGATED HEREBY. AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY NOT NEGATED HEREBY, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, DO NOT COVER, AND NEITHER TLV, TII NOR TLVJ WILL IN ANY EVENT BE LIABLE FOR, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO LOST PROFITS, THE COST OF DISASSEMBLY AND SHIPMENT OF THE DEFECTIVE PRODUCT. INJURY TO OTHER PROPERTY. DAMAGE TO BUYER'S OR THE FIRST END USER'S PRODUCT, DAMAGE TO BUYER'S OR THE FIRST END USER'S PROCESSES, LOSS OF USE, OR OTHER COMMERCIAL LOSSES. WHERE, DUE TO OPERATION OF LAW, CONSEQUENTIAL AND INCIDENTAL DAMAGES UNDER THIS WARRANTY, UNDER ANY OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY NOT NEGATED HEREBY OR UNDER ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY NOT NEGATED HEREBY (INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE) CANNOT BE EXCLUDED, SUCH DAMAGES ARE EXPRESSLY LIMITED IN AMOUNT TO THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE DEFECTIVE PRODUCT. THIS EXCLUSION OF CONSEQUENTIAL AND INCIDENTAL DAMAGES, AND THE PROVISION OF THIS WARRANTY LIMITING REMEDIES HEREUNDER TO REPLACEMENT, ARE INDEPENDENT PROVISIONS, AND ANY DETERMINATION THAT THE LIMITATION OF REMEDIES FAILS OF ITS ESSENTIAL PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER DETERMINATION THAT EITHER OF THE ABOVE REMEDIES IS UNENFORCEABLE, SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUED TO MAKE THE OTHER PROVISIONS UNENFORCEABLE.

Exclusion of Other Warranties

THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED.

Severability

Any provision of this warranty which is invalid, prohibited or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall, as to such jurisdiction, be ineffective to the extent of such invalidity, prohibition or unenforceability without invalidating the remaining provisions hereof, and any such invalidity, prohibition or unenforceability in any such jurisdiction shall not invalidate or render unenforceable such provision in any other jurisdiction.

TLY: CORPORATION

13901 South Lakes Drive, Charlotte, NC 28273-6790, U.S.A. Tel: [1]-704-597-9070 Fax: [1]-704-583-1610